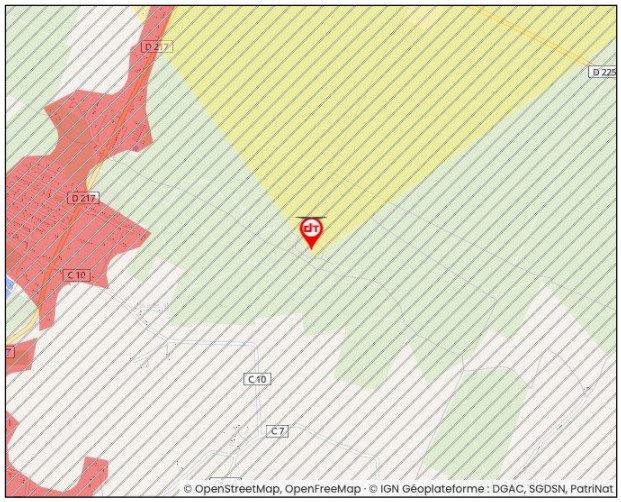
Saint Clair de Halouze

Heritage · Orne

GPS coordinates	48.68707, -0.60991
Elevation	265 m
Maximum height	50 m max
Access	On foot < 1,000 m
Nearest aerodrome	Aérodrome de Flers Saint-Paul (LFOG) 7.4 km N · spot 65 m higher
Spot reference	306883



Spot location and restrictions (Drone-Spot map image)

Sun (local times, UTC+01:00)

Day	Dawn	Sunrise	Sunset	Dusk	Day length	Golden hour
Sat 21 Nov	07:45	08:20	17:17	17:52	8 h 56	08:20–09:11 · 16:26–17:17
Sun 22 Nov	07:46	08:21	17:16	17:51	8 h 54	08:21–09:12 · 16:25–17:16
Mon 23 Nov	07:48	08:23	17:15	17:50	8 h 51	08:23–09:14 · 16:24–17:15

Nearby aerodromes

Aerodrome	Type	Distance	Elevation
Aérodrome de Flers Saint-Paul	Aerodrome	7.4 km N	200 m
Aérodrome de Bagnoles - Couterne	Aerodrome	23 km SE	219 m

Description

The Saint-Clair-de-Halouze mine yard brings together all the mining facilities dating from 1949-1978. The headframe, which towers over the concrete structures (the pit-top building, the crushing building, the engine room, the ore storage silos, the miners' changing rooms and showers...), is a monumental witness to Normandy's mining and steelmaking past. Today it is the only one still standing above a mine shaft in the region. The headframe, a steel girder tower almost 40 m high set over an extraction shaft that went down 360 m, was used to lower the miners and raise the iron ore wagons. A technical installation at the heart of mining activity, the headframe was also the link between "the underground" and "the surface", and as such the very symbol of the mine. Built in 1917 in Germany, it first equipped the Stahlberg mine, then the Huth mine, before being moved in 1949 to the ...

Scan to open the up-to-date spot page: weather, map and restrictions.

https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/fiche-spot.aspx?id=306883

Before every flight: check the UAS zones map, NOTAMs and temporary areas, the weather and the Kp index.

Preparing the flight

Pre-flight Check-List

- ☐ Area checked: UAS zones, restrictions, protected areas
- ☐ NOTAMs and temporary areas checked
- ☐ Weather: wind, gusts, rain, visibility; Kp index
- ☐ Operator number displayed on the drone
- ☐ Training certificate or licence with me
- ☐ Third-party liability insurance checked
- ☐ Batteries charged: drone, controller, phone
- ☐ Propellers, motors and frame in good condition
- ☐ Memory card inserted and empty
- ☐ Software up to date, compass and IMU calibrated
- ☐ Return to home: home point and return height set
- ☐ Electronic signalling or remote ID active
- ☐ Take-off area clear, people informed and at a distance
- ☐ Observer present for FPV flights

Key rules of the open category

Recreational flying in France: European open-category rules, applied by the DGAC.

- Maximum height: 120 m above the ground, lower where a restriction requires it.
- Always keep the drone in sight; when flying FPV, an observer keeps it in sight next to you.
- Never fly over crowds and keep the distances of your subcategory (A1, A2 or A3).
- Respect UAS geographical zones: around aerodromes, prohibited or restricted areas, protected areas, sensitive sites.
- Register as an operator if the drone weighs 250 g or more or carries a camera (toys excepted), and display the number on the drone.
- Training: online A1/A3 certificate from 250 g or for a class C1 drone; A2 certificate to fly closer to people with a class C2 drone.
- Always give way to manned aircraft and land if one approaches.
- Respect privacy: no images that identify people without their consent; aerial photography is prohibited in some areas.
- Check your third-party liability insurance.
- In France: registration and training on AlphaTango (DGAC); a drone of 800 g or more must broadcast electronic signalling (or the remote ID of class-marked drones).

Non-exhaustive summary: rules change. Reference: the DGAC open-category guide and the country's regulations.

Useful links

UAS zones map around the spot : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/carte-uas.aspx?lat=48.68707&lon=-0.60991
Drone pilot library : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque
DGAC open-category guide (French) : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque/guide-categorie-ouverte
Registration and training (AlphaTango) : https://alphatango.aviation-civile.gouv.fr
NOTAMs and temporary areas (SOFIA Briefing) : https://sofia-briefing.aviation-civile.gouv.fr

My flight notes

Information sheet generated by Drone-Spot from community data: it replaces neither official aeronautical information nor the regulations. The remote pilot remains responsible for the flight.