drone-spot

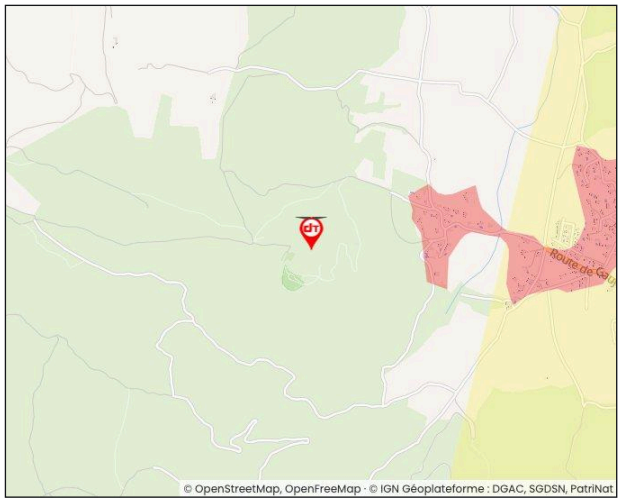
FLIGHT CARD

Generated on 21 November 2026

The Roman baths of Gaujac

Heritage · Gard

GPS coordinates	44.07876, 4.56044
Elevation	267 m
Maximum height	120 m max
Access	On foot > 1,000 m
Nearest aerodrome	Uzès Airfield (LFNU) 13 km W · same altitude as the spot
Spot reference	308697



Spot location and restrictions (Drone-Spot map image)

Sun (local times, UTC+01:00)

Day	Dawn	Sunrise	Sunset	Dusk	Day length	Golden hour
Sat 21 Nov	07:13	07:45	17:11	17:42	9 h 25	07:45–08:29 · 16:26–17:11
Sun 22 Nov	07:14	07:46	17:10	17:41	9 h 23	07:46–08:31 · 16:25–17:10
Mon 23 Nov	07:15	07:47	17:09	17:41	9 h 21	07:47–08:32 · 16:24–17:09

Nearby aerodromes

Aerodrome	Type	Distance	Elevation
Uzès Airfield	Aerodrome	13 km W	270 m
Aérodrome d'Avignon-Pujaut	Aerodrome	18 km SE	45 m

Description

The Roman baths of Gaujac are a thermal complex from the Roman era, located in the commune of Gaujac, in the Gard department. The ancient site of Gaujac sits on an oppidum that was occupied before the Romans arrived, possibly by the Celtic people of the Samnagenses mentioned by Pliny the Elder. The discovery and excavations The oppidum has been known for a long time: in 1911, in a overview of the pre- and protohistoric enclosures of the Gard department, Bourrilly and Mazauric noted the "considerable remains of an oppidum" at St Vincent. The baths were discovered in 1974 by Jean Charmasson, the first excavator of the oppidum, and Dominique Cannaud. They were fully excavated by the teams of the Société d'Étude des Civilisations Antiques de la Basse vallée du Rhône (SECABR) under the direction of Jean Charmasson, with the collaboration of Dominique Cannaud, from 1975 to 1984, from 1984 to …

Scan to open the up-to-date spot page: weather, map and restrictions.

https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/fiche-spot.aspx?id=308697

Before every flight: check the UAS zones map, NOTAMs and temporary areas, the weather and the Kp index.

Preparing the flight

Pre-flight Check-List

- ☐ Area checked: UAS zones, restrictions, protected areas
- ☐ NOTAMs and temporary areas checked
- ☐ Weather: wind, gusts, rain, visibility; Kp index
- ☐ Operator number displayed on the drone
- ☐ Training certificate or licence with me
- ☐ Third-party liability insurance checked
- ☐ Batteries charged: drone, controller, phone
- ☐ Propellers, motors and frame in good condition
- ☐ Memory card inserted and empty
- ☐ Software up to date, compass and IMU calibrated
- ☐ Return to home: home point and return height set
- ☐ Electronic signalling or remote ID active
- ☐ Take-off area clear, people informed and at a distance
- ☐ Observer present for FPV flights

Key rules of the open category

Recreational flying in France: European open-category rules, applied by the DGAC.

- Maximum height: 120 m above the ground, lower where a restriction requires it.
- Always keep the drone in sight; when flying FPV, an observer keeps it in sight next to you.
- Never fly over crowds and keep the distances of your subcategory (A1, A2 or A3).
- Respect UAS geographical zones: around aerodromes, prohibited or restricted areas, protected areas, sensitive sites.
- Register as an operator if the drone weighs 250 g or more or carries a camera (toys excepted), and display the number on the drone.
- Training: online A1/A3 certificate from 250 g or for a class C1 drone; A2 certificate to fly closer to people with a class C2 drone.
- Always give way to manned aircraft and land if one approaches.
- Respect privacy: no images that identify people without their consent; aerial photography is prohibited in some areas.
- Check your third-party liability insurance.
- In France: registration and training on AlphaTango (DGAC); a drone of 800 g or more must broadcast electronic signalling (or the remote ID of class-marked drones).

Non-exhaustive summary: rules change. Reference: the DGAC open-category guide and the country's regulations.

Useful links

UAS zones map around the spot : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/carte-uas.aspx?lat=44.07876&lon=4.56044
Drone pilot library : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque
DGAC open-category guide (French) : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque/guide-categorie-ouverte
Registration and training (AlphaTango) : https://alphatango.aviation-civile.gouv.fr
NOTAMs and temporary areas (SOFIA Briefing) : https://sofia-briefing.aviation-civile.gouv.fr

My flight notes

Information sheet generated by Drone-Spot from community data: it replaces neither official aeronautical information nor the regulations. The remote pilot remains responsible for the flight.