drone-spot

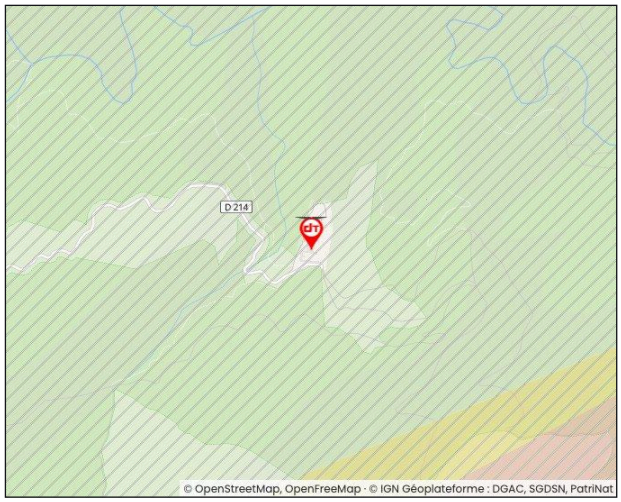
FLIGHT CARD

Generated on 21 November 2026

La Chartreuse de la Verne

Water · Var

GPS coordinates	43.23547, 6.40098
Elevation	419 m
Maximum height	50 m max
Access	On foot < 1,000 m
Nearest aerodrome	La Môle Airport (LFTZ) 7.4 km SE · spot 401 m higher
Spot reference	313471



Spot location and restrictions (Drone-Spot map image)

Sun (local times, UTC+01:00)

Day	Dawn	Sunrise	Sunset	Dusk	Day length	Golden hour
Sat 21 Nov	07:04	07:35	17:06	17:37	9 h 30	07:35–08:19 · 16:22–17:06
Sun 22 Nov	07:05	07:36	17:05	17:36	9 h 28	07:36–08:20 · 16:21–17:05
Mon 23 Nov	07:06	07:37	17:04	17:35	9 h 26	07:37–08:21 · 16:20–17:04

Nearby aerodromes

Aerodrome	Type	Distance	Elevation
La Môle Airport	Aerodrome	7.4 km SE	18 m
Sarl R.C.E Heliport	Heliport	13 km E	6 m
Le Luc-Le Cannet Airport	Airport	17 km N	81 m
Base Hydro-ULM de St Tropez	Seaplane base	17 km E	0 m

Description

Located near Collobrières, in the Var, it overlooks a landscape of rare beauty stretching as far as the eye can see: to the east, the sea and the Bay of Saint-Tropez, to the north the snow-capped Pre-Alps above Digne and Nice. These vast expanses of strawberry tree forests, cork oaks and ancient chestnut trees are wild and austere. Take-off from the parking lot

Scan to open the up-to-date spot page: weather, map and restrictions.

https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/fiche-spot.aspx?id=313471

Before every flight: check the UAS zones map, NOTAMs and temporary areas, the weather and the Kp index.

Preparing the flight

Pre-flight Check-List

- ☐ Area checked: UAS zones, restrictions, protected areas
- ☐ NOTAMs and temporary areas checked
- ☐ Weather: wind, gusts, rain, visibility; Kp index
- ☐ Operator number displayed on the drone
- ☐ Training certificate or licence with me
- ☐ Third-party liability insurance checked
- ☐ Batteries charged: drone, controller, phone
- ☐ Propellers, motors and frame in good condition
- ☐ Memory card inserted and empty
- ☐ Software up to date, compass and IMU calibrated
- ☐ Return to home: home point and return height set
- ☐ Electronic signalling or remote ID active
- ☐ Take-off area clear, people informed and at a distance
- ☐ Observer present for FPV flights

Key rules of the open category

Recreational flying in France: European open-category rules, applied by the DGAC.

- Maximum height: 120 m above the ground, lower where a restriction requires it.
- Always keep the drone in sight; when flying FPV, an observer keeps it in sight next to you.
- Never fly over crowds and keep the distances of your subcategory (A1, A2 or A3).
- Respect UAS geographical zones: around aerodromes, prohibited or restricted areas, protected areas, sensitive sites.
- Register as an operator if the drone weighs 250 g or more or carries a camera (toys excepted), and display the number on the drone.
- Training: online A1/A3 certificate from 250 g or for a class C1 drone; A2 certificate to fly closer to people with a class C2 drone.
- Always give way to manned aircraft and land if one approaches.
- Respect privacy: no images that identify people without their consent; aerial photography is prohibited in some areas.
- Check your third-party liability insurance.
- In France: registration and training on AlphaTango (DGAC); a drone of 800 g or more must broadcast electronic signalling (or the remote ID of class-marked drones).

Non-exhaustive summary: rules change. Reference: the DGAC open-category guide and the country's regulations.

Useful links

UAS zones map around the spot : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/carte-uas.aspx?lat=43.23547&lon=6.40098
Drone pilot library : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque
DGAC open-category guide (French) : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque/guide-categorie-ouverte
Registration and training (AlphaTango) : https://alphatango.aviation-civile.gouv.fr
NOTAMs and temporary areas (SOFIA Briefing) : https://sofia-briefing.aviation-civile.gouv.fr

My flight notes

Information sheet generated by Drone-Spot from community data: it replaces neither official aeronautical information nor the regulations. The remote pilot remains responsible for the flight.