drone-spot

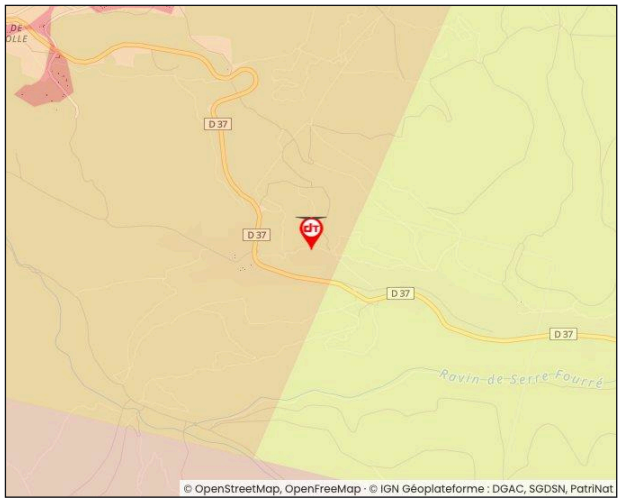
FLIGHT CARD

Generated on 21 November 2026

Le Château d' Allègre

Heritage · Gard

GPS coordinates	44.19702, 4.26547
Elevation	267 m
Maximum height	50 m max
Access	On foot < 1,000 m
Nearest aerodrome	Uzès Airfield (LFNU) 16 km SE · same altitude as the spot
Spot reference	313625



Spot location and restrictions (Drone-Spot map image)

Sun (local times, UTC+01:00)

Day	Dawn	Sunrise	Sunset	Dusk	Day length	Golden hour
Sat 21 Nov	07:15	07:46	17:11	17:43	9 h 25	07:46–08:31 · 16:27–17:11
Sun 22 Nov	07:16	07:47	17:11	17:42	9 h 23	07:47–08:32 · 16:26–17:11
Mon 23 Nov	07:17	07:49	17:10	17:42	9 h 21	07:49–08:34 · 16:25–17:10

Nearby aerodromes

Aerodrome	Type	Distance	Elevation
Uzès Airfield	Aerodrome	16 km SE	270 m
Aérodrome d'Alès Cévennes	Airport	17 km SW	204 m
La Grand'combe Airfield	Aerodrome	21 km W	502 m

Description

The Château d'Allègre is a castle located in the commune of Allègre-les-Fumades in the department of Gard. History The first mention of the castrum de Alegrio dates from 1163, when Bernard de Ferreyroles paid homage to Bernard Pelet, baron of Alès. In 1211, a parchment of Philippe Auguste indicates that the castrum de Allegrio diocesis Uticensis belonged to several noble families who shared the domain of Allègre under the suzerainty of the Bishop of Uzès. In 1313, Guillaume de Randon, the dominant lord of the castrum, received the homage of the eight co-lords: Jaussin de Naves, Pierre Jourdan, Pierre Guilhem Bérard, Raymond de Guilhefred, Guerin and Raymond d'Allègre, Raymond de Cadoine and Bernard del Puech. In 1314, the main share of the lordship passed from Guillaume de Randon to the Budos family, who kept it until the family died out at the end of the 17th century. The family estate …

Scan to open the up-to-date spot page: weather, map and restrictions.

https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/fiche-spot.aspx?id=313625

Before every flight: check the UAS zones map, NOTAMs and temporary areas, the weather and the Kp index.

Preparing the flight

Pre-flight Check-List

- ☐ Area checked: UAS zones, restrictions, protected areas
- ☐ NOTAMs and temporary areas checked
- ☐ Weather: wind, gusts, rain, visibility; Kp index
- ☐ Operator number displayed on the drone
- ☐ Training certificate or licence with me
- ☐ Third-party liability insurance checked
- ☐ Batteries charged: drone, controller, phone
- ☐ Propellers, motors and frame in good condition
- ☐ Memory card inserted and empty
- ☐ Software up to date, compass and IMU calibrated
- ☐ Return to home: home point and return height set
- ☐ Electronic signalling or remote ID active
- ☐ Take-off area clear, people informed and at a distance
- ☐ Observer present for FPV flights

Key rules of the open category

Recreational flying in France: European open-category rules, applied by the DGAC.

- Maximum height: 120 m above the ground, lower where a restriction requires it.
- Always keep the drone in sight; when flying FPV, an observer keeps it in sight next to you.
- Never fly over crowds and keep the distances of your subcategory (A1, A2 or A3).
- Respect UAS geographical zones: around aerodromes, prohibited or restricted areas, protected areas, sensitive sites.
- Register as an operator if the drone weighs 250 g or more or carries a camera (toys excepted), and display the number on the drone.
- Training: online A1/A3 certificate from 250 g or for a class C1 drone; A2 certificate to fly closer to people with a class C2 drone.
- Always give way to manned aircraft and land if one approaches.
- Respect privacy: no images that identify people without their consent; aerial photography is prohibited in some areas.
- Check your third-party liability insurance.
- In France: registration and training on AlphaTango (DGAC); a drone of 800 g or more must broadcast electronic signalling (or the remote ID of class-marked drones).

Non-exhaustive summary: rules change. Reference: the DGAC open-category guide and the country's regulations.

Useful links

UAS zones map around the spot : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/carte-uas.aspx?lat=44.19702&lon=4.26547
Drone pilot library : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque
DGAC open-category guide (French) : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque/guide-categorie-ouverte
Registration and training (AlphaTango) : https://alphatango.aviation-civile.gouv.fr
NOTAMs and temporary areas (SOFIA Briefing) : https://sofia-briefing.aviation-civile.gouv.fr

My flight notes

Information sheet generated by Drone-Spot from community data: it replaces neither official aeronautical information nor the regulations. The remote pilot remains responsible for the flight.