drone-spot

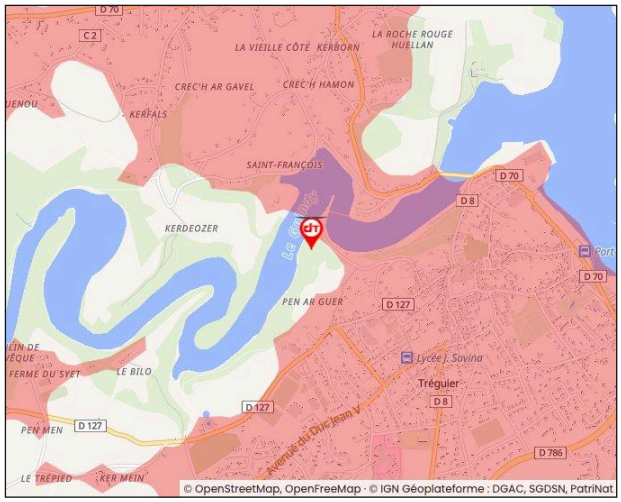
FLIGHT CARD

Generated on 23 November 2026

Tréguier, la passerelle St François

Heritage · Côtes-d'Armor

GPS coordinates	48.78853, -3.23807
Elevation	15 m
Maximum height	120 m max
Access	Direct access by car
Nearest aerodrome	Base ULM de Kerfot 17 km SE · spot 84 m lower
Spot reference	314273



Spot location and restrictions (Drone-Spot map image)

Sun (local times, UTC+01:00)

Day	Dawn	Sunrise	Sunset	Dusk	Day length	Golden hour
Mon 23 Nov	07:59	08:34	17:25	18:00	8 h 51	08:34–09:25 · 16:34–17:25
Tue 24 Nov	08:00	08:35	17:24	17:59	8 h 48	08:35–09:27 · 16:33–17:24
Wed 25 Nov	08:01	08:37	17:23	17:59	8 h 46	08:37–09:28 · 16:31–17:23

Nearby aerodromes

Aerodrome	Type	Distance	Elevation
Base ULM de Kerfot	Aerodrome	17 km SE	99 m
Lannion-Côte de Granit Airport	Airport	18 km W	88 m
Centre Hospitalier Heliport	Heliport	18 km SW	28 m

Description

The Saint-François footbridge is a footbridge linking the communes of Tréguier and Plouguiel, in Brittany, France, crossing the Guindy. The footbridge's nickname is the "swinging bridge". The footbridge takes its name from a nearby Saint-François convent that existed until the French Revolution. History Until the 19th century, the link between Tréguier and Plouguiel was provided by a horse ferry (the Kerousy or Saint-François ferry, mentioned as early as the 14th century)1. On 12 February 1833, an ordinance by King Louis-Philippe authorized the construction of a footbridge over the Guindy river, providing that the works and maintenance would be financed by a toll. The auction awarded the concession to a Tréguier merchant, Mr. Ozou, who already held the concession for the Canada bridge, for a period of 54 years and 11 months. The toll was abolished on 1 February 1873 after the footbridge …

Scan to open the up-to-date spot page: weather, map and restrictions.

https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/fiche-spot.aspx?id=314273

Before every flight: check the UAS zones map, NOTAMs and temporary areas, the weather and the Kp index.

Preparing the flight

Pre-flight Check-List

- ☐ Area checked: UAS zones, restrictions, protected areas
- ☐ NOTAMs and temporary areas checked
- ☐ Weather: wind, gusts, rain, visibility; Kp index
- ☐ Operator number displayed on the drone
- ☐ Training certificate or licence with me
- ☐ Third-party liability insurance checked
- ☐ Batteries charged: drone, controller, phone
- ☐ Propellers, motors and frame in good condition
- ☐ Memory card inserted and empty
- ☐ Software up to date, compass and IMU calibrated
- ☐ Return to home: home point and return height set
- ☐ Electronic signalling or remote ID active
- ☐ Take-off area clear, people informed and at a distance
- ☐ Observer present for FPV flights

Key rules of the open category

Recreational flying in France: European open-category rules, applied by the DGAC.

- Maximum height: 120 m above the ground, lower where a restriction requires it.
- Always keep the drone in sight; when flying FPV, an observer keeps it in sight next to you.
- Never fly over crowds and keep the distances of your subcategory (A1, A2 or A3).
- Respect UAS geographical zones: around aerodromes, prohibited or restricted areas, protected areas, sensitive sites.
- Register as an operator if the drone weighs 250 g or more or carries a camera (toys excepted), and display the number on the drone.
- Training: online A1/A3 certificate from 250 g or for a class C1 drone; A2 certificate to fly closer to people with a class C2 drone.
- Always give way to manned aircraft and land if one approaches.
- Respect privacy: no images that identify people without their consent; aerial photography is prohibited in some areas.
- Check your third-party liability insurance.
- In France: registration and training on AlphaTango (DGAC); a drone of 800 g or more must broadcast electronic signalling (or the remote ID of class-marked drones).

Non-exhaustive summary: rules change. Reference: the DGAC open-category guide and the country's regulations.

Useful links

UAS zones map around the spot : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/carte-uas.aspx?lat=48.78853&lon=-3.23807
Drone pilot library : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque
DGAC open-category guide (French) : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque/guide-categorie-ouverte
Registration and training (AlphaTango) : https://alphatango.aviation-civile.gouv.fr
NOTAMs and temporary areas (SOFIA Briefing) : https://sofia-briefing.aviation-civile.gouv.fr

My flight notes

Information sheet generated by Drone-Spot from community data: it replaces neither official aeronautical information nor the regulations. The remote pilot remains responsible for the flight.