drone-spot

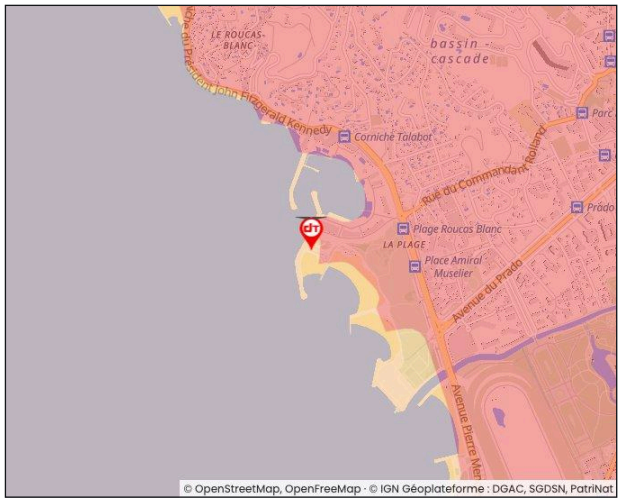
FLIGHT CARD

Generated on 21 November 2026

Plage du Roucas Blanc - Marseille

Water · Bouches-du-Rhône

GPS coordinates	43.26465, 5.36861
Elevation	5 m
Maximum height	50 m max
Access	On foot < 1,000 m
Nearest aerodrome	Hôpital La Timone Heliport 4.0 km NE · spot 37 m lower
Spot reference	315750



Spot location and restrictions (Drone-Spot map image)

Sun (local times, UTC+01:00)

Day	Dawn	Sunrise	Sunset	Dusk	Day length	Golden hour
Sat 21 Nov	07:08	07:39	17:10	17:41	9 h 30	07:39–08:23 · 16:26–17:10
Sun 22 Nov	07:09	07:40	17:09	17:40	9 h 28	07:40–08:24 · 16:25–17:09
Mon 23 Nov	07:10	07:42	17:08	17:40	9 h 26	07:42–08:26 · 16:24–17:08

Nearby aerodromes

Aerodrome	Type	Distance	Elevation
Hôpital La Timone Heliport	Heliport	4.0 km NE	42 m
Marseille Hydro	Seaplane base	4.2 km NW	0 m
Nord Heliport	Heliport	13 km N	187 m
Zi Les Paluds Heliport	Heliport	19 km E	116 m

Description

Discover the magic of the Marseille seaside in "Sérénade au soleil couchant". This video, captured in cinematic 4K with a DJI Air 3S drone, takes you to dusk, where the waves gently caress the sand. Let yourself be charmed by the coastal landscapes bathed in the golden light of the setting sun, revealing the serene beauty of the Mediterranean. An invitation to contemplation, where sea and sky merge into an unforgettable natural spectacle.

Scan to open the up-to-date spot page: weather, map and restrictions.

https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/fiche-spot.aspx?id=315750

Before every flight: check the UAS zones map, NOTAMs and temporary areas, the weather and the Kp index.

Preparing the flight

Pre-flight Check-List

- ☐ Area checked: UAS zones, restrictions, protected areas
- ☐ NOTAMs and temporary areas checked
- ☐ Weather: wind, gusts, rain, visibility; Kp index
- ☐ Operator number displayed on the drone
- ☐ Training certificate or licence with me
- ☐ Third-party liability insurance checked
- ☐ Batteries charged: drone, controller, phone
- ☐ Propellers, motors and frame in good condition
- ☐ Memory card inserted and empty
- ☐ Software up to date, compass and IMU calibrated
- ☐ Return to home: home point and return height set
- ☐ Electronic signalling or remote ID active
- ☐ Take-off area clear, people informed and at a distance
- ☐ Observer present for FPV flights

Key rules of the open category

Recreational flying in France: European open-category rules, applied by the DGAC.

- Maximum height: 120 m above the ground, lower where a restriction requires it.
- Always keep the drone in sight; when flying FPV, an observer keeps it in sight next to you.
- Never fly over crowds and keep the distances of your subcategory (A1, A2 or A3).
- Respect UAS geographical zones: around aerodromes, prohibited or restricted areas, protected areas, sensitive sites.
- Register as an operator if the drone weighs 250 g or more or carries a camera (toys excepted), and display the number on the drone.
- Training: online A1/A3 certificate from 250 g or for a class C1 drone; A2 certificate to fly closer to people with a class C2 drone.
- Always give way to manned aircraft and land if one approaches.
- Respect privacy: no images that identify people without their consent; aerial photography is prohibited in some areas.
- Check your third-party liability insurance.
- In France: registration and training on AlphaTango (DGAC); a drone of 800 g or more must broadcast electronic signalling (or the remote ID of class-marked drones).

Non-exhaustive summary: rules change. Reference: the DGAC open-category guide and the country's regulations.

Useful links

UAS zones map around the spot : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/carte-uas.aspx?lat=43.26465&lon=5.36861
Drone pilot library : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque
DGAC open-category guide (French) : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque/guide-categorie-ouverte
Registration and training (AlphaTango) : https://alphatango.aviation-civile.gouv.fr
NOTAMs and temporary areas (SOFIA Briefing) : https://sofia-briefing.aviation-civile.gouv.fr

My flight notes

Information sheet generated by Drone-Spot from community data: it replaces neither official aeronautical information nor the regulations. The remote pilot remains responsible for the flight.