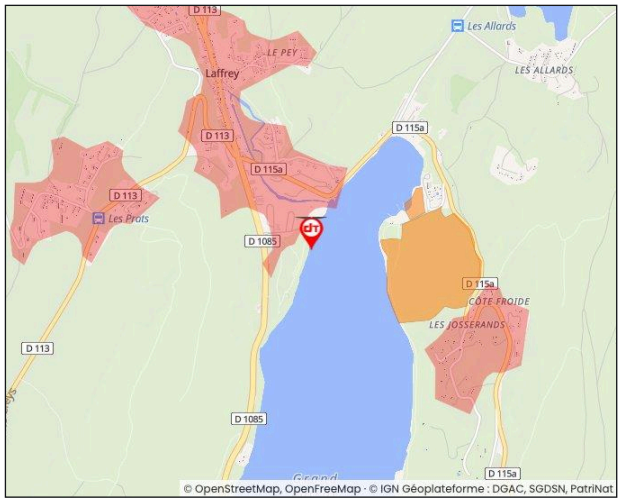
Prairie de la Rencontre - Laffrey

Heritage · Isère

GPS coordinates	45.01991, 5.77726
Elevation	918 m
Maximum height	120 m max
Access	Direct access by car
Nearest aerodrome	Quartier-Reynies Heliport 12 km NW · spot 698 m higher
Spot reference	316531



Spot location and restrictions (Drone-Spot map image)

Sun (local times, UTC+01:00)

Day	Dawn	Sunrise	Sunset	Dusk	Day length	Golden hour
Sat 21 Nov	07:10	07:43	17:03	17:35	9 h 20	07:43–08:28 · 16:17–17:03
Sun 22 Nov	07:12	07:44	17:02	17:34	9 h 18	07:44–08:30 · 16:16–17:02
Mon 23 Nov	07:13	07:45	17:01	17:34	9 h 16	07:45–08:31 · 16:15–17:01

Nearby aerodromes

Aerodrome	Type	Distance	Elevation
Quartier-Reynies Heliport	Heliport	12 km NW	220 m
Hôpital Nord Heliport	Heliport	20 km N	218 m
Aérodrome de Grenoble Le Versoud	Aerodrome	23 km N	220 m
Altiport du Col De Belledonne	Aerodrome	23 km NE	2,800 m

Description

The village of Laffrey is famous for Napoleon I's encounter, on March 7, 1815, on his return from the Island of Elba, with the royal troops sent to arrest him. After landing at Golfe-Juan on March 1, 1815, Napoleon took the Alpine route (today's Route Napoléon) to reach Paris, a road considered safer than the Rhône valley, which was reputed to favor the royalists. He therefore crossed the Matheysine plateau. After spending the night of March 6 in Corps, he passed through La Mure and then headed toward Grenoble. On March 7, in front of Laffrey, on the plain, stood a battalion of the 5th Line Regiment sent by Louis XVIII to stop him. Napoleon advanced alone toward the troops on what is now called the "Prairie de la Rencontre" and first spoke to them thus: "Soldiers of the 5th Line, I am your Emperor, recognize me!" Then, seeing the hesitation of the soldiers facing him, pale with emotion, …

Scan to open the up-to-date spot page: weather, map and restrictions.

https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/fiche-spot.aspx?id=316531

Before every flight: check the UAS zones map, NOTAMs and temporary areas, the weather and the Kp index.

Preparing the flight

Pre-flight Check-List

- ☐ Area checked: UAS zones, restrictions, protected areas
- ☐ NOTAMs and temporary areas checked
- ☐ Weather: wind, gusts, rain, visibility; Kp index
- ☐ Operator number displayed on the drone
- ☐ Training certificate or licence with me
- ☐ Third-party liability insurance checked
- ☐ Batteries charged: drone, controller, phone
- ☐ Propellers, motors and frame in good condition
- ☐ Memory card inserted and empty
- ☐ Software up to date, compass and IMU calibrated
- ☐ Return to home: home point and return height set
- ☐ Electronic signalling or remote ID active
- ☐ Take-off area clear, people informed and at a distance
- ☐ Observer present for FPV flights

Key rules of the open category

Recreational flying in France: European open-category rules, applied by the DGAC.

- Maximum height: 120 m above the ground, lower where a restriction requires it.
- Always keep the drone in sight; when flying FPV, an observer keeps it in sight next to you.
- Never fly over crowds and keep the distances of your subcategory (A1, A2 or A3).
- Respect UAS geographical zones: around aerodromes, prohibited or restricted areas, protected areas, sensitive sites.
- Register as an operator if the drone weighs 250 g or more or carries a camera (toys excepted), and display the number on the drone.
- Training: online A1/A3 certificate from 250 g or for a class C1 drone; A2 certificate to fly closer to people with a class C2 drone.
- Always give way to manned aircraft and land if one approaches.
- Respect privacy: no images that identify people without their consent; aerial photography is prohibited in some areas.
- Check your third-party liability insurance.
- In France: registration and training on AlphaTango (DGAC); a drone of 800 g or more must broadcast electronic signalling (or the remote ID of class-marked drones).

Non-exhaustive summary: rules change. Reference: the DGAC open-category guide and the country's regulations.

Useful links

UAS zones map around the spot : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/carte-uas.aspx?lat=45.01991&lon=5.77726
Drone pilot library : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque
DGAC open-category guide (French) : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque/guide-categorie-ouverte
Registration and training (AlphaTango) : https://alphatango.aviation-civile.gouv.fr
NOTAMs and temporary areas (SOFIA Briefing) : https://sofia-briefing.aviation-civile.gouv.fr

My flight notes

Information sheet generated by Drone-Spot from community data: it replaces neither official aeronautical information nor the regulations. The remote pilot remains responsible for the flight.