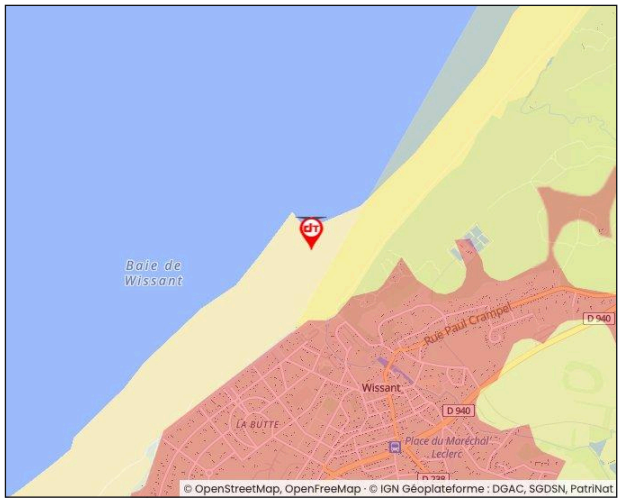
Wissant Beach

Water · Pas-de-Calais

GPS coordinates	50.88966, 1.65956
Elevation	1 m
Maximum height	120 m max
Access	On foot < 1,000 m
Nearest aerodrome	Saint-Inglevert Aerodrome (LFIS) 5.4 km E · spot 116 m lower
Spot reference	316820



Spot location and restrictions (Drone-Spot map image)

Sun (local times, UTC+01:00)

Day	Dawn	Sunrise	Sunset	Dusk	Day length	Golden hour
Sat 21 Nov	07:42	08:19	16:59	17:36	8 h 40	08:19–09:13 · 16:05–16:59
Sun 22 Nov	07:43	08:21	16:58	17:35	8 h 37	08:21–09:15 · 16:04–16:58
Mon 23 Nov	07:45	08:22	16:57	17:35	8 h 35	08:22–09:17 · 16:02–16:57

Nearby aerodromes

Aerodrome	Type	Distance	Elevation
Saint-Inglevert Aerodrome	Aerodrome	5.4 km E	117 m
Coquelles Eurotunnel Heliport	Heliport	10 km E	9 m
Boulogne Sur Mer Centre Hospitalier Heliport	Heliport	19 km S	85 m
Calais-Dunkerque Airport	Airport	22 km E	4 m

Description

- Wissant beach, wreck of the submarine SM UC-61, Blockhaus Stp 119 Preussen, bird-watching site. - Wissant beach is a huge stretch of fine sand where sand yachting is common. - At high tide the sea covers the whole beach, and the waves crash against the rocks lining the sea wall. - At 1 min 28, the helicopter flies low over the beach, which reminds us of the regulation that says you must lower your altitude when you see a manned aircraft, because they cannot see a drone! In this case, the permitted height was 100 meters for me.

Scan to open the up-to-date spot page: weather, map and restrictions.

https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/fiche-spot.aspx?id=316820

Before every flight: check the UAS zones map, NOTAMs and temporary areas, the weather and the Kp index.

Preparing the flight

Pre-flight Check-List

- ☐ Area checked: UAS zones, restrictions, protected areas
- ☐ NOTAMs and temporary areas checked
- ☐ Weather: wind, gusts, rain, visibility; Kp index
- ☐ Operator number displayed on the drone
- ☐ Training certificate or licence with me
- ☐ Third-party liability insurance checked
- ☐ Batteries charged: drone, controller, phone
- ☐ Propellers, motors and frame in good condition
- ☐ Memory card inserted and empty
- ☐ Software up to date, compass and IMU calibrated
- ☐ Return to home: home point and return height set
- ☐ Electronic signalling or remote ID active
- ☐ Take-off area clear, people informed and at a distance
- ☐ Observer present for FPV flights

Key rules of the open category

Recreational flying in France: European open-category rules, applied by the DGAC.

- Maximum height: 120 m above the ground, lower where a restriction requires it.
- Always keep the drone in sight; when flying FPV, an observer keeps it in sight next to you.
- Never fly over crowds and keep the distances of your subcategory (A1, A2 or A3).
- Respect UAS geographical zones: around aerodromes, prohibited or restricted areas, protected areas, sensitive sites.
- Register as an operator if the drone weighs 250 g or more or carries a camera (toys excepted), and display the number on the drone.
- Training: online A1/A3 certificate from 250 g or for a class C1 drone; A2 certificate to fly closer to people with a class C2 drone.
- Always give way to manned aircraft and land if one approaches.
- Respect privacy: no images that identify people without their consent; aerial photography is prohibited in some areas.
- Check your third-party liability insurance.
- In France: registration and training on AlphaTango (DGAC); a drone of 800 g or more must broadcast electronic signalling (or the remote ID of class-marked drones).

Non-exhaustive summary: rules change. Reference: the DGAC open-category guide and the country's regulations.

Useful links

UAS zones map around the spot : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/carte-uas.aspx?lat=50.88966&lon=1.65956
Drone pilot library : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque
DGAC open-category guide (French) : https://www.drone-spot.tech/en/bibliotheque/guide-categorie-ouverte
Registration and training (AlphaTango) : https://alphatango.aviation-civile.gouv.fr
NOTAMs and temporary areas (SOFIA Briefing) : https://sofia-briefing.aviation-civile.gouv.fr

My flight notes

Information sheet generated by Drone-Spot from community data: it replaces neither official aeronautical information nor the regulations. The remote pilot remains responsible for the flight.